Snapshot Report

NCES 2006-467TN8

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assesses science in two major dimensions: Fields of Science (Earth, Physical, and Life) and Knowing and Doing Science (Conceptual Understanding, Scientific Investigation, and Practical Reasoning). The NAEP science scale ranges from 0 to 300. Scales are created separately for each grade.

Overall Science Results for Tennessee

- In 2005, the average scale score for eighth-grade students in Tennessee was 145. This was not significantly different from their average score in 2000 (145), and was not significantly different from their average score in 1996 (143).
- Tennessee's average score (145) in 2005 was not significantly different from that of the nation's public schools (147).
- Of the 44 states and one jurisdiction that participated in the 2005 eighth-grade assessment, students' average scale score in Tennessee was higher than those in 9 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 10 jurisdictions, and lower than those in 25 jurisdictions.²
- The percentage of students in Tennessee who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 25 percent in 2005. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2000 (24 percent), and was not significantly different from that in 1996 (22 percent).
- The percentage of students in Tennessee who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 55 percent in 2005. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2000 (55 percent), and was not significantly different from that in 1996 (53 percent).

Student Percentages at NAEP Achievement Levels

Tennessee (public)										
1996 ¹	47	31	20 2							
2000 ¹	43	32	23 2							
2000	45	31	22 2							
2005	45	30	22 3							
Nation (pub	lic)									
2005	43	30	24 3							
	Percent below Basic	Percent at Basi	c, Proficient, and Advanced							

Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

■ Below Basic ■ Basic

NOTE: The NAEP grade 8 science achievement levels correspond to the following scale points: Below *Basic*, 142 or lower; *Basic*, 143–169; *Proficient*, 170–207; *Advanced*, 208 or above.

Proficient

Advanced

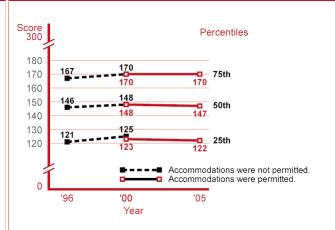
Performance of NAEP Reporting Groups in Tennessee: 2005

Reporting groups	Percent of students	Average score	Percent below <i>Basic</i>	Percent of stud Basic	ents at or above <i>Proficient</i>	Percent Advanced		
Male	49	146	44	56	28	4		
Female	51	144	46	54	22	1		
White	74	153	35	65	31	3		
Black	23	119	75	25	7	#		
Hispanic	2	#	‡	‡	‡	‡		
Asian/Pacific Islander	1	#	‡	‡	‡	‡		
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡		
Eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch	43↑	131	62	38	13	1		
Not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch	56↓	156	33	67	34	4		

Average Score Gaps Between Selected Groups

- In 2005, male students in Tennessee had an average score that
 was not significantly different from that of female students. In 1996,
 there was no significant difference between the average score of
 male and female students.
- In 2005, Black students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 34 points. In 1996, the average score for Black students was lower than that of White students by 33 points.
- Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 2005, because reporting standards were not met. Therefore, the performance gap results are not reported.
- In 2005, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of poverty, had an average score that was lower than that of students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch by 25 points. In 1996, the average score for students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch was lower than the score of those not eligible by 26 points.
- In 2005, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 48 points. In 1996, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 46 points.

Science Scale Scores at Selected Percentiles



Scores at selected percentiles on the NAEP science scale indicate how well students at lower, middle, and higher levels performed.

- # The estimate rounds to zero.
- * Significantly different from 2005.

- ‡ Reporting standards not met.
- ↑ Significantly higher than 2000. ↓ Significantly lower than 2000.
- ¹ Comparisons (higher/lower/not different) are based on statistical tests. The .05 level was used for testing statistical significance. Comparisons across jurisdictions and comparisons with the nation or within a jurisdiction across years may be affected by differences in exclusion rates for students with disabilities (SD) and English language learners (ELL). The exclusion rates for SD and ELL in Tennessee were 3 percent and percentage rounds to zero in 2005, respectively. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages.
- ² "Jurisdiction" refers to states and the Department of Defense Education Activity schools.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding and because the "Information not available" category for free/reduced-price school lunch and the "Unclassifed" category for race/ethnicity are not displayed. Visit http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/ for additional results and detailed information. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP),

